

The Lancaster News.

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DOWAGER EMPRESS HARUKO PASSES

Was the Widow of Emperor Haruko.

DIES AT IMPERIAL VILLA.

The Imperial Patient Had Been Suffering for Sometime With Angina Pectoris.

Tokio, Japan April 9.—The dowager empress Haruko died at the imperial villa at Namazu today.

Following the usual custom in the case of the death of a member of the imperial family, the official announcement of the event will not be made until the body has been transferred to the capital. This is expected to take place tomorrow. Her majesty passed away in the presence of the Emperor Coshihito, the empress and the other members of the royal family who had been summoned from the capital.

The imperial patient had developed deceptive symptoms. She displayed increased vigor and asked for food.

A short time afterward her majesty became unconscious. Doctors in attendance applied restoratives, but without avail and she died without recovering consciousness. Her majesty had been suffering for a considerable period from angina pectoris but official diagnosis declared that Bright's disease was the direct cause of her death.

The dowager empress Haruko was the widow of Emperor Mutsuhito who died on July 30, 1912. She was born on May 28, 1850, and was the daughter of a nobleman, Ichijo Tadado. In 1869 she married the late emperor and was declared empress. Haruko, by the side of her husband, passed through the troubled period of the transformation of Japan at the beginning of Mutsuhito's regime. She saw him transfer his capital from Kyoto to Yedo, which was later renamed Tokio. She watched with curious interest the opening of the country to foreign commerce, its departure from old world customs and its adoption of western civilization. She awaited in the imperial palace news of the Japanese armies at war with China and then with Russia, and saw the complete evolution of Japan as a world power.

Haruko was simple in her tastes. She presided over court functions with great dignity, on most occasions wearing foreign dress, especially, when she came into contact with Americans of Europeans. When the function was purely Japanese she occasionally returned to the picturesque costume of her youth.

The dowager empress was greatly affected by the death of Mutsuhito, suffering for many months from an affection of the heart. She died at the imperial villa at Namazu, a watering place near Yokohama.

CLEMENCY IS DENIED GUNMEN.

"Gyp the Blood" is Coolest of Four and Promises to Give No Trouble.

Ossining, N. Y., April 8.—"It seems, boys, that every time I come into the death house I am the bearer of bad news," said Warden Clancy, of the Sing Sing prison, last night as he stood close to the cells of the four Rosenthal gunmen and told them their appeal to Governor Glynn for clemency, or a new trial had been ineffectual with the carrying out of the death penalty.

"Gyp the Blood" Horowitz was the coolest of the four.

"We don't blame you," he said. "You can't help carrying the bad news, but we are sorry the governor turned us down. We won't give you any trouble, warden. We'll take our medicine."

"Whitely Lewis" Schindler said he would go to the chair an innocent man. The other two gunmen, "Lefty Louie" Rosenberg and "Dago Frank" Ciofeci, made no statement. They seemed stunned.

G. O. P. Wins in New Jersey.

Paterson, N. J., April 7.—Republicans gained and Democrats lost a seat in the House of Representatives today as the result of a special election in the 7th New Jersey district. Dow H. Drunker, of Passaic, contractor was elected Congressman to succeed the late Robt. Bremner by more than 5,000 plurality over Jas. J. O'Ryne, a Democrat personally endorsed by President Wilson and aided by some of the foremost campaign speakers at the call of the Administration.

President Will Spend Easter at White Sulphur.

Washington, April 8.—Plans for President Wilson's Easter outing were changed today. The party will go to White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., instead of Hot Springs, Va., as previously announced at the White House. The purpose is to afford Mrs. Wilson a rest and an opportunity to recuperate from her recent illness.

The President will leave Thursday night, spending Friday, Saturday and Sunday at White Sulphur.

REPORT ON FRANK CASE.

Burns Expects to Complete It in a Few Days.

Atlanta, Ga., April 7.—William J. Burns said today that results of his investigation into the murder of Mary Phagan probably would not be reported until late this week. He previously had indicated that his report might be laid before counsel for Leo M. Frank under death sentence for the murder today or tomorrow.

The detective who has been at work on the case for nearly a month at the instance of friends of Frank said only a few minor points remained to be cleared up.

"I want to be absolutely sure," he added, "that my report will convince all concerned that I have, beyond the shadow of a doubt found the murderer of Mary Phagan."

Mr. Burns would not indicate whether or not his findings would show Frank to be innocent. That this would be the case was confidently predicted by the condemned man's counsel, though they professed ignorance of the detective's discoveries.

Frank's execution set for April 17, will be automatically stayed by the presentation on April 16 of an extraordinary motion for a new trial.

TILLMAN PUSHES "TRUST" INQUIRY

Reads Letters Supporting His Contentions of Discrimination Against South Atlantic Ports.

Washington, April 9.—Senator Tillman today had read into the senate copies of two more letters from Southern coal operators supporting his resolution for an investigation of alleged discriminations by a so-called "coal trust," acting through the Southern Railway against South Atlantic ports.

Jack Bewley of Bristol, Va., Tenn., charged in his letter that the "coal trust," indirectly or possibly directly, outlines the policy of the Southern Railway in the matter of establishing coal rates and in building coal docks at Charleston or other Southern ports.

The failure of the road to build docks, Mr. Bewley wrote, "looks to me like a move on the part of the coal trust to get its grip on the throat of the coal industry of the South, as it has in the North, and legal or legislative action should be taken at once to protect the interests of the independent and small operators who are financially able to build and own their own docks."

Frank C. Wright, a coal producer in southwestern Virginia, wrote that Senator Tillman's resolution touched the real interest of the South and if the investigation was authorized it would "uncover conditions in the Southeast under which the cost of fuel at tidewater is maintained at a figure high enough to confine the major portion of the supply to mines in Pennsylvania, Maryland and West Virginia to the exclusion of coal mined in the South."

SCHOLARSHIPS OPEN.

Daughters of Confederacy Have Several Vacant.

South Carolinians who are descendants of Confederate veterans and unable to afford a college course have several opportunities of obtaining scholarships this year through the United Daughters of the Confederacy. The general division, United Daughters of the Confederacy, offers the following for use September 1, 1914:

Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., valued at \$500 per annum; Bristol School, Washington, D. C., valued at \$1,000 per annum; Washington Seminary, Washington, D. C., valued at \$150 per annum; Alabama Polytechnic, Auburn, valued at \$50 per annum; Higbee School, Memphis, valued at \$100 per annum; University of Alabama, valued at \$60 per annum; University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, valued at \$60 per annum.

The South Carolina division, U. D. C., has open for use, September 1, 1914, the following scholarships: Winthrop College, Rock Hill, valued at \$154 per annum; University of South Carolina, Columbia, valued at \$175 per annum.

The committee on education of the South Carolina division will give any information desired and receive applications. This committee consists of Miss Armida Moses, chairman, Sumter; Mrs. J. Isaac Copeland, Clinton; Mrs. Maria N. Tillman, Edgefield.

Intimate Friend of Gen. Jackson Dies at Age of 91.

Winchester, Va., April 8.—Rev. Dr. James R. Graham, pastor of the Kent Street Presbyterian church here for more than 40 years and intimate friend of Stonewall Jackson, died today. He was 91 years old. During the early part of the civil war Stonewall Jackson made his home here with Dr. Graham.

Negro Women Marked "Oh, You Ad" on Ballots But Candidate Lost Out.

St. Louis, April 8.—Ad Woods, a negro, independent candidate for alderman in yesterday's election in East St. Louis, was defeated chiefly because of the ignorance of negro women as to the method of voting. Scores of these women signed their names to the ballots and wrote on them such personal notes as "Oh, you, Ad," and "I hope you win."

SPANARDS DRIVEN FROM MEXICO ON U. S. SOIL

Cross Border Under Protection of United States.

CARRANZA IS STILL FIRM.

Colony of 800 Express Relief as They Cross Wooden Bridge Over Rio Grande.

El Paso, Tex., April 8.—Eight hundred members of the Spanish colony of Torreon, expelled from Mexico by General Villa after having passed through the recent battle that resulted in the capture of Torreon by the rebels, entered the United States today. They had been stripped of their property temporarily at least but supplied with temporary funds. They expressed relief as they crossed the wooden bridge over the Rio Grande to American soil.

They had refused to leave the train in which they and their baggage had come from Torreon to George C. Carothers, special agent of the department of state, arrived to advise them. They sent word by a newspaper reporter to Carothers who left his breakfast and went to the train.

CARRANZA IS FIRM.

Carothers was unable to assure any that they would be restored to their homes, his interviews with General Carranza yesterday having met with the flat statement that expulsion of Spaniards from Mexico was a settled policy of the rebels and would be modified only in the cases of individuals who might be found innocent in politics.

Joquin Fernandez, an exile, said while Villa had not especially declared Spanish property would be confiscated, that it was "pretty well taken for granted in Mexico."

"I have personal knowledge that no one in this party did anything inimical to the rebel cause," he continued. "We are not rebels or Huertistas. Mexico is our home and we cannot but hope that some day we will be left to dwell in peace and security there."

All sorts of vehicles were called in to service to transport the refugees and their belongings from Juarez to El Paso. There were trunks, wash boilers stuffed with bedding and clothes, clocks, parrots and kitchen utensils, all showing the haste with which they were collected after the order of expulsion was issued.

All the refugees were provided with food and shelter soon after their arrival.

MILITANT BECOMES VIOLENT IN COURT

General Drummond Creates Reign of Terror When She is Fined for Disturbance.

London, April 8.—Pandemonium reigned in police court today when "General" Mrs. Flora Drummond, militant suffragette, was fined \$10 with the alternative of going to prison for two months for creating a disturbance at the Unionists rally Saturday.

Mrs. Drummond was so violent that three policemen had to remove her hat pins before the magistrate found opportunity during a pause in the uproar to pronounce sentence. The "General" vehemently declared that she would never pay the fine. She was forcibly removed to a cell.

All the time Mrs. Drummond was in court she kept up a fierce struggle with the police and shrieked denunciations on every one present. Even a sister militant suffragette who was in court was the victim of a verbal attack because she did not stomp the prisoner's enclosure and rescue the "General."

Seizing a policeman's metal whistle, Mrs. Drummond flung it at the magistrate's head, but he dodged it. Taking advantage of the diversion, Mrs. Drummond then sprang from the enclosure, but was seized before she got far away and was carried back shouting and struggling.

When Mrs. Drummond had become calmer she was released as either she or some one else had paid her fine.

COLD WAVE COMING.

Weather Bureau Predicts Low Temperature For Sunday.

Washington, April 8.—An ice chilled wave direct from the frozen fields of Alaska is bearing down on Southern and Eastern States tonight, bringing what promises to be a record-breaking fall in temperatures. Weather bureau experts predicted furs and overcoats would be exceedingly popular in Easter parades Sunday.

From the lower Mississippi Valley States east to the Atlantic and as far north as the Ohio valley the temperature records reported tonight ranged from 20 to 50 degrees. At Pensacola, Fla., the thermometer registered 50 degrees and was expected to drop to the 40 point by morning. By tomorrow night, the reports said, the northern portion of Florida would be in the grip of heavy frosts.

The course of the cold wave is due north from the Southern Atlantic States and by tomorrow the Eastern States are expected to feel a decided difference in temperature.

GUILLOTINE INSTRUMENT OF VENGEANCE

New Form of Execution Confronts Enemies of Rebels.

"IT WORKS SPLENDIDLY."

Instrument of Death Erected at Concepcion del Oro and Awaits First Victim.

Juarez, Mex., April 7.—The guillotine has made its appearance in Mexico and a new form of execution confronts enemies of the Constitutionalists in San Luis Potosi, it was learned today. At Concepcion del Oro a guillotine has been erected by rebel mechanics corps commanded by Gen. Eulalio Gutierrez, who is now here conferring with Carranza.

Already the new instrument has been tested and the general says "it works splendidly." The test was made with a lamb as the victim.

Desire for revenge is responsible for the erection of the guillotine in Mexico. Gutierrez's brother-in-law, Jose Morales, was killed some time ago in a battle against the federalists near Saltillo. The family of Morales, including an infant daughter and Gutierrez's sister, were living in Saltillo. The federal commander arrested the relatives of Gutierrez, placed them aboard a troop train and sent them to San Luis Potosi. The baby died of exposure on the way and nothing is known of the fate of other members of the family.

From stories told by rebels this is only one of the many cases where the women and children of rebel officers have been taken from Saltillo by the federalists and sent to other cities and to supposedly horrible fates. It is said that in some cases the women have been given to the federal soldiers.

Gen. Gutierrez says he will leave Juarez in two or three days to resume his campaign against San Luis Potosi. "My outposts are within eight kilometers of the capital of that state and I expect to capture the place this time. Fourteen thousand men are under arms in the state, and I can send them all against the city. And when I have taken it I hope to find my sister and her family, if they have been mistreated the guillotine is ready for action."

EDUCATION CONFERENCE.

Tributes Paid Memory of Robert C. Ogden.

Louisville, Ky., April 7.—Services commemorative of the life of the late Robert C. Ogden, of New York, and his work of upbuilding rural life in the South occupied tonight's meeting of the Conference for Education in the South, which opened for a four day's session here today. An address by Dr. P. P. Claxton, United States commissioner of education was the feature of the night meeting.

Mr. Claxton declared the rapid development of education in Dixie the last few years was due largely to the Conference movement, of which he said Mr. Ogden virtually was the founder and the vitalizing spirit after its organization and until his death years ago. Mr. Ogden, said Dr. Claxton, was a wealthy business man in New York, but after he conceived the idea of upbuilding the country life of the South, gave up his business interests and devoted his time, money and energy to the movement. Mr. Ogden was president of the Conference at the time of his death.

This was Farmer's Day at the Conference and many subjects of importance to agricultural interests were discussed at sectional meetings. Prof. A. D. Wilson, of the University of Minnesota, at a noon-day mass meeting urged the necessity for greater co-operation among Southern farmers and advocated adoption of the community idea in rural life.

Endorse Administration.

Raleigh, N. C., April 8.—Hearty approval of the administration of President Wilson was voiced at a mass meeting and conference here today of progressive North Carolina Democrats. Governor Locke Craig, permanent chairman of the meeting, praised the stand taken by the President on the tariff, currency and other questions. He also paid tribute to Secretary of State Bryan and Secretary of the Navy Daniels. A resolution endorsing the acts of the Administration without qualification was adopted unanimously.

Wind Storm at Anderson.

Anderson, Special to Charleston News and Courier, April 8.—During a severe electrical storm here early today lightning struck the Townsend Twine Mills, causing a fire loss in the kiln of \$500, with no insurance. The lightning struck a ventilator on top of the building and went downward into the kiln. The automatic sprinklers and the work of the mill fire department prevented further loss. Wind accompanying the storm blew down several small houses in the county. A negro was in one of the houses when it turned over, but he escaped injury.

TREATY VERY CONCISE.

Contains Provisions Designed to Bring Amity and Peace.

Bogota, Colombia, April 8.—The text of the treaty between the United States and Colombia is not to be published officially until after Easter. Representative newspapers declare today the treaty is very concise and contains the following provisions:

1. The restoration of friendly relations between the United States and Colombia.

2. An indemnity of \$25,000,000 to be paid to Colombia six months after the ratifications have been exchanged between the two countries.

3. Certain privileges for Colombia commerce by way of the Panama canal.

4. The Colombian-Panama boundary to be based on the law of June 9, 1855, demarcating the former Colombian State of Panama.

5. The United States to lend her good offices for the settlement of pending disputes between Colombia and Panama.

PEEPLS WANTS JOB ONLY 2 YEARS MORE

Claud N. Sapp is Not in Race For Congress—Other News From State Capital.

Columbia Special to Charleston News and Courier April 7.—Attorney General Thos. H. Peebles said this morning that he only desired the office of Attorney General one more term and at the end of that time he would retire and give way to some one else. Mr. Peebles is serving his first term and is a candidate to succeed himself. So far no opposition has developed to him.

Governor Blease went to Florence tonight, where he attended a meeting of board of trustees of the State Industrial School, at which matters of interest to the institution were discussed.

Representative C. N. Sapp, of Lancaster County, while here today confirmed the report that he would not be in the race for Congress in the 5th district against Mr. Finley, but would probably stand for the State Senate from Lancaster. Mr. Sapp said no politics were being talked in Lancaster now, but the people were hard at work. The withdrawal of Mr. Sapp leaves the race in the 5th district between Congressman D. E. Finley and Representative W. F. Stevenson.

While here Representative Sapp called in at the office of Governor Blease and talked with the Chief Executive for some time. Mr. Sapp as one of the lieutenants of the Blease forces and in the last House conducted several of the administration fights on the floor.

Col. E. J. Watson, the commissioner of agriculture, is getting ready for the meeting of the National Drainage Congress in Savannah on the 22-25th. Mr. Watson is the first vice president of that organization and has put much hard work on the preliminaries. He is especially interested in getting a good attendance from South Carolina, for he considers this work of great benefit, especially to the coastal country.

WOMEN MAKE POOR RACES.

Not One of Nine Elected Alderman in Chicago.

Chicago, April 7.—Early estimates tonight indicate that between 75,000 and 100,000 of the 217,614 women eligible to vote here went to the polls for the first time to-day and cast their votes in the aldermanic election. The male voters, of whom 455,283 were registered, voted in about the same proportion. None of the nine women candidates who sought to represent their wards in the city council was elected, and except in the 1st ward, where Miss Marion Drake made a spectacular fight against John (Bathhouse) Coughlin, the woman candidates polled only a small fraction of the women votes. Indications are that Coughlin won by about four to one.

Numerous charges of irregularity in voting were made to the election commission, by Miss Drake's campaign manager.

Women Increase "Dry" Counties.

Chicago, Ill., April 7.—Illinois women swarmed to the polls today in nearly 300 townships and as a result of their activity it is estimated that at least twelve counties have been added to the thirty which now bar saloons. Of the larger cities the following voted from wet to dry.

Bloomington, Decatur, Belvidere, Canton, Freeport, Galesburg, Joliet, Monmouth, Kewanee, Lockport, Elgin and East Galena.

The following cities remained wet: Springfield, Quincy, West Galena, Rock Island, Dixon, Aurora, Waukegan, Alton and Moline.

Gustav of Sweden Must Undergo an Operation.

Stockholm, Sweden, April 8.—An operation is the only effective means of dealing with the internal complaint from which King Gustav of Sweden is suffering, according to Prof. Wilhelm Fleiner, the specialist, who was called here from Heidelberg. His majesty today expressed the wish that the operation should be performed at the earliest possible moment.

The king has been suffering intermittent attack since October.

EBEN S. DRAPER DEAD AFTER BRIEF ILLNESS

Was Stricken With Paralysis Tuesday.

PROMINENT TEXTILE MAN.

Former Governor of Massachusetts Succumbs to Paralytic Stroke in Greenville.

Greenville, S. C., April 9.—Eben S. Draper, former Governor of Massachusetts, died late today. Mr. Draper was stricken with paralysis here Tuesday. He was 65 years old and a prominent manufacturer of textile machinery in New England.

The body of Mr. Draper will be placed in a special car which will be attached to Southern Railway train No. 38 tomorrow afternoon. The funeral will be held Tuesday afternoon at Hopewell, Mass. The body was embalmed by a local undertaking establishment.

The condition of Mr. Draper was serious from the time of the attack and a large corps of physicians were in attendance. The patient's entire left side was affected by the paralytic stroke. In addition to physicians here and from Atlanta who were called in on the case, two doctors from Boston were summoned yesterday.

Mr. Draper was stricken in a local hotel a few days after his arrival. He was on his way home from a trip to Florida and Cuba. As soon as his condition was noted by the physicians, telegrams were sent to members of his family in Massachusetts, summoning them to his bedside. They arrived here today. The dead man was prominent in both the industrial and political life of Massachusetts. Previous to his election as governor of Massachusetts in 1909, he served as lieutenant governor from 1906 to 1908. He was governor of the state from 1909 to 1911.

Mr. Draper was elected as a Republican to both positions. In 1892, he was chosen chairman of the Republican state committee of Massachusetts and in 1896 he was chairman of the Republican state delegation from Massachusetts at the party's national convention. He took a prominent part in the deliberations of that convention and assisted in obtaining the party's declaration in favor of the gold standard on the currency question.

When the Spanish-American war was declared in 1898, Mr. Draper, as president of the Massachusetts Volunteer Aid Association, aided in large part the raising of \$200,000 which was used to fit out the hospital ship Bay State.

For several years Mr. Draper had been prominently connected with the Draper Company, manufacturers of textile machinery. His home throughout his life was at Hopedale, Mass., where he was born. His technical training was obtained at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Mr. Draper was not only connected with the textile industry, but was interested in the Milford National Bank and had connections with various civic and charitable institutions.

The Charlotte Observer says of him:

General Draper was an uncle of Mr. Arthur J. Draper of this city and was known to a number of Charlotte people, who esteemed him highly and who had awaited with concern the news from his bedside since the first tidings that he had been stricken. His Charlotte friends speak in terms of eulogy both of his gifts of intellect that won admiration and his qualities of character and personality that made him distinctly a man who commanded the confidence and loyalty of his fellow-men.

King-Townsend.

Of interest to her many friends and relatives here and throughout the county, will be the news of the marriage in Bennettsville this week, of Miss Nancy King, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John King of this place, to Mr. Edmund Townsend of Bennettsville. Miss King was formerly a compositor in this office and was a most efficient one. She has more recently been with the Singer Sewing Machine Company at Bennettsville, where she met Mr. Townsend, who is a successful young man of that town, engaged in the grocery business. Mr. and Mrs. Townsend are now here on a visit to the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John King.

Wellesley Gets \$750,000.

Wellesley, Mass., April 8.—Wellesley College has received a gift of \$750,000 from the Rockefeller Foundation toward restoration of facilities lost in the recent college fire. In announcing the gift today the board of trustees of the college said it was conditional on the raising of \$2,000,000.